

Cliffside Park School District

2018-2019 THEATRE CURRICULUM Grades 6-8

New Jersey Student Learning Standards

Time Allotted: Approximately 2-	Unit 1: Ele	School Theatre ements of Theatre	
New Jersey Student Learning Sta			
1.4.8.A.5 Interpret symbolism 1.4.8.A.6 Differentiate betwee 1.4.8.A.7 Analyze the form, fu 1.4.8.B.1 Evaluate the effective	nce, music, theatre, and visual art that are used and metaphors embedded in works of dangen "traditional" works of art and those that unction, craftsmanship, and originality of representations of a work of art by differentiating be	nce, music, theatre, and visual art. do not use conventional elements of some presentative works of dance, music, the tween the artist's technical proficiency	eatre, and visual art. and the work's content or form.
- How do we respond emotionally to diverse works of theatre? - How do different components contribute to the overall theatrical performance? - How do symbolism and metaphor contribute to meaning in the arts?	 Student Learning Objectives Identify the members of a production team and explain how these roles are interdependent Understand how sound and lighting create mood in performance events. Identify key jobs integral to producing a play (e.g., actor, director, set designer, lighting designer, sound designer, costume designer.) and research the duties and responsibilities of these positions Interpret symbolism and metaphors 	Suggested Tasks/Activities - Stage a short scene showcasing different areas of responsibility that are integral to a theatrical production (e.g., actor, director, set designer, lighting designer, sound designer, costume designer.). - Direct a short scene in collaboration that demonstrates a directorial vision and choices. - Research various theatre personnel and their	 Evidence of Learning (Assessment) Maintain a theatre portfolio over time (paper or digital) with journal reflections, research ideas, notation, videos, photographs, clippings about theatre from magazines and newspapers, theatre resources and performance "notes." Evaluate informal in-class performances and video evidence of student performances using observation, discussions, drawings, video, and simple student-created rubrics.

	used in selected theatre	responsibilities and the skills	Sample Assessments
	masterworks; apply metaphor and	and training that go into the	Sample Assessment #1
	symbolism in the creation and	position and how they work	- <u>Sample Assessment #2</u>
	performance of an original scene,	collaboratively to make a	- Sample Assessment #3
	and interpret symbolism and	theatre production.	Sample Scoring Guides
	metaphors used in theatre scenes	 Identify and discuss symbols 	- Sample Scoring Guide #1
	created by peers.	and symbolism in a selected	- Sample Scoring Guide #2
	- Differentiate between "traditional"	design.	- Sample Scoring Guide #3
	and non-traditional theatre	 View and evaluate productions 	
	masterworks and analyze the form,	with regard to the design and	
	function, craftsmanship, and	production elements.	
	originality of the work.		
	- Differentiate among basic formal		
	structures and technical proficiency		
	of artists in peer and professional		
	theatrical productions and use		
	rubrics and scoring guides to		
	evaluate the effectiveness of a		
	theatre work.		
Resources/Materials	- <u>PowerPoint: Elements of Drama</u>		
	- <u>Video: Elements of Drama</u>		
	- <u>Elements of Drama Lesson Plan</u>		
	- Glossary of Terms		
Interdisciplinary Connections			
	on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. NJSLSA.SL2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and		
	orally.		
21st Century Life and Careers			
,	CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.		
	CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.		
	CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.		
Technology Standards	8.1.5.A.1 - Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems.		
Fuglish Longues Looms		difications	Cifted and Talanta
English Language Learners	Special Education	At-Risk	Gifted and Talented

 Create a world wall with key theatre terms/vocabulary. Create a visual identifying the elements of theatre. Create a picture dictionary of theatre terminology. Provide alternative response choices to questions on the elements of theatre. 	categorize elements of theater.
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Middle School Theatre					
	Unit 2: History of the Arts and Culture				
Time Allot	ted: Approximately 2-3 We	eks			
New Jerse	y Student Learning Standar	ds (NJSLS)			
1.1.8.C.1	Analyze the structural components of plays and performances from a variety of Western and nonWestern theatrical traditions and from				
	different historical eras.				
1.2.8.A.1	Map historical innovation	ns in dance, music, theatre, and visual a	rt that were caused by the creation	of new technologies.	
1.2.8.A.2	Differentiate past and co	ntemporary works of dance, music, thea	atre, and visual art that represent ir	nportant ideas, issues, and events that are	
	chronicled in the historie				
1.2.8.A.3	Analyze the social, histori	ical, and political impact of artists on cu	Iture and the impact of culture on t	he arts.	
1.4.8.A.1	4.8.A.1 Generate observational and emotional responses to diverse culturally and historically specific works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.				
1.4.8.A.3	4.8.A.3 Distinguish among artistic styles, trends, and movements in dance, music, theatre, and visual art within diverse cultures and historical eras.				
1.4.8.A.4	8.A.4 Compare and contrast changes in the accepted meanings of known artworks over time, given shifts in societal norms, beliefs, or values.				
1.4.8.B.3	Compare and contrast ex	amples of archetypal subject matter in	works of art from diverse cultural c	ontexts and historical eras by writing critical	
	essays.				
E	ssential Questions	Student Learning Objectives	Suggested Tasks/Activities	Evidence of Learning (Assessment)	
- Ho	ow does theatre influence	- Articulate the cultural, historical	 Contrast and compare one 	- Maintain a theatre portfolio over time	
life and life influence theatre		and social context of their	major Western and one	(paper or digital) with journal	
over time?		original work, and a clear	non-Western type of	reflections, research ideas, notation,	
	what ways do we see the	statement of theme.	theater, recognizing	videos, photographs, clippings about	
	igins of theatre still	- Identify major movements and	similarities in intended	theatre from magazines and	
pr	esent in more modern	periods in history, recognizing	purpose and performance	newspapers, theatre resources and	

drama?

- How does theatre influence Society?
 - How does society influence theatre?
 - How do past and contemporary works differ in the ideas and events they represent?
- that theatre reflects the society and culture of its time.
- Describe and discuss a written text or live performance in terms it social, historical and cultural context
- Identify and articulate the cultural and historical components of the work and how these components create a particular world of behaviors.
- Compare and contrast changes in the accepted meanings of known artworks over time, given shifts in societal norms, beliefs, or values. Create and perform in stylistically nuanced scene work from known plays, aligned to the cultural norms and theatrical conventions appropriate to the era of the play.
- Categorize historical innovations in Western and non-Western theatre history up to and including the early 20st century that stemmed from the creation of new technologies.
- Distinguish ways that theatre
 has reflected and impacted the
 society and culture of its time in
 Western and non-Western
 theatrical traditions.
- Apply characteristics of various
 Western and non-Western

- style), such as an ancient Greek arena and Vietnamese water puppets.
- Compare and contrast early theatrical texts to contemporary performances
- Use online and video resources to research and guide the creation of a project that examines Greek, Roman or early non-Western theatre
- Research and write a profile of a NYC theatre, including the performance history, architecture, and the historical, social and political context of when the theatre was built
- The student will plan and improvise plays based on personal experience and heritage, imagination, literature, and history for informal and formal theater.
- Compare and contrast examples of archetypal subject matter in works of art from diverse cultural contexts and historical eras by writing critical essays.
- Create and perform a theatre piece using masks from a chosen historical era or tradition (e.g., Greek, Commedia Dell'Arte).
- Collaborate to write a short

- performance "notes."
- Create PowerPoint presentations on actors who greatly impacted theatre.
- Evaluate written reflections on theatre principles, including reports and journal responses, using a student-created rubric.
- Evaluate informal in-class performances and video evidence of student performances using observation, discussions, drawings, video, and simple student-created rubrics.
- Additional Assessments may include:
 - Analyzing primary source documents on the history of theatre and the cultures of origin.
 - Conduct short research projects on the cultural origins of theatre to support analysis, reflection, and research
 - Use technology to create a presentation on the impact of theatre on specific groups of people and historical events.

Sample Assessments

- Sample Assessment #1
- Sample Assessment #2
- Sample Assessment #3

Sample Scoring Guides

- Sample Scoring Guide #1
- Sample Scoring Guide #2
- Sample Scoring Guide #3

	theatrical traditions to scene	play based on a historical or		
	work that emulates theatre of	current event.		
	various and diverse eras and			
	cultures up to and including the			
	21th Century.			
Resources/Materials	- Video: What is Theatre?			
ness arces, materials				
	 A Cultural History of Theatre by Jack Watson and Grant McKernie History of the Theatre by Oscar Gross Brockett and Franklin J Hildy 			
	· ·	1055 BIOCKELL AND FLANKING THINGY		
	- Glossary of Terms			
Interdisciplinary Connections	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and collaborations with diverse partners,	
	building on others' ideas and expressing t	·	d farmate in alcelina ciacally accombination.	
		nation presented in diverse media an	d formats, including visually, quantitatively,	
	and orally.	at procented in diverse media and for	mate including visually and quantitatively as	
	well as in words.	it presented in diverse media and for	mats, including visually and quantitatively, as	
		aley literary and informational texts in	adependently and proficiently with scaffolding	
	NJSLSA.R10. Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently with scaffolding as needed.			
	as needed. NJSLSA.W4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to t			
	purpose, and audience.			
21st Century Life and Careers		ntraditional careers have evolved res	gionally, nationally, and globally.	
,	21st Century Life and Careers 9.2.8.B.4 Evaluate how traditional and nontraditional careers have evolved regionally, nationally, and globally. CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.			
CRP4. Communicate clearly and effect				
	CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.			
	CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.			
CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.				
Technology Standards			lan, business letters or flyers) using one or	
more digital applications to be critiqued by pro		by professionals for usability.		
	8.1.8.D.4 Assess the credibility and accura	acy of digital content.		
Modifications				
English Language Learners	Special Education	At-Risk	Gifted and Talented	
 Use sentence/paragraph 	 Use sentence/paragraph frames 	Invite parents/guardians to	 Create an original play based on the 	
frames to assist with writing	to assist with writing reports.	participate in sharing	cultural themes and theatre elements	
reports.	Create a world wall with cultural	cultural plays.	of a particular style.	
 Create a world wall with 	theatre names/vocabulary.	 Provide an outline for 	 Incorporate multiple types of 	
cultural theatre	Utilize graphic responses in	journal entries and study	resources, including text, video,	
names/vocabulary.	journals.	guides.	interviews, etc., into a report on an	
Work with a partner to	Provide extended time for	 Provide extended time for 	actor or playwright from specific time	

develop written reports and	written responses and reports.	written responses and	period or culture.
journal entries.		reports.	
 Provide extended time for 			
written responses and			
reports.			

	Middle School Theatre				
	Unit 3: Performance				
Time All	otted: Approximately 2-3 V	Veeks			
New Jer	sey Student Learning Stand	lards (NJSLS)			
1.1.8.C.	2 Determine the effective	eness of various methods of vocal, physical	, relaxation, and acting techniques us	ed in actor training.	
1.1.8.C.3	B Differentiate among vo	cal rate, pitch, and volume, and explain ho	w they affect articulation, meaning, a	nd character.	
1.3.8.C.1	Create a method for de	fining and articulating character objectives	s, intentions, and subtext, and apply t	he method to the portrayal of characters	
	in live performances or	recorded venues.			
1.3.8.C.2	2 Create and apply a pro-	cess for developing believable, multidimen	sional characters in scripted and impr	ovised performances by combining	
	methods of relaxation, physical and vocal skills, acting techniques, and active listening skills.				
1.4.8.B.2	2 Differentiate among ba	sic formal structures and technical proficie	ency of artists in works of dance, musi-	c, theatre, and visual art.	
1	Essential Questions	Student Learning Objectives	Suggested Tasks/Activities	Evidence of Learning (Assessment)	
- '	Why is it important to	Students will be able to:	- Create appropriate physical	- Maintain a theatre portfolio over	
	create a personality and a	- Define "believability" by identifying	gestures and facial	time (paper or digital) with journal	
	background for a	common traits of believable	expressions that align to a	reflections, research ideas,	
	character?	performances.	character.	notation, videos, photographs,	
	How do posture, breathing,	- Differentiate between a character's	- Participate in group exercises,	clippings about theatre from	
	and voice control affect a	actions, intentions and internal	drills, improvisations and	magazines and newspapers,	
	presentation?	dialogue and apply these	theater games.	theatre resources and performance	
	How do movements,	distinctions to the portrayal of a	- Rehearse and perform a scene	"notes."	
	gestures, and expressions	uistifictions to the portrayaror a	- Refleatse and perform a scene	 Evaluate informal in-class 	

- help and improve and support a scene?
- How do performers use vocal techniques to communicate meaning and character?
- character.
- Analyze scripted scenes to determine how a character's objectives change throughout a scene and how his or her tactics and subtext change within a scene in response to the actions of other characters. Apply the analysis to the portrayal of characters in a performance.
- Maintain focus and concentration in order to sustain improvisations, scene work and performance.
- Use distinct physical, vocal and emotional choices, to build a believable, multi-dimensional character and perform a scene and/or monologue within the context of two different genres. Compare and contrast the stylistic choices in each scene.
- Make imaginative and expressive use of scenery, props, costumes, lighting and sound in improvisations, scene work and performances.
- Use the body and voice expressively in theater exercises, improvisations, scene work and performances.
- Use theatrical improvisation, both short and long form, as a means of exploring character development (from a physical, vocal and emotional standpoint) while also

- in front of others.
- Research and portray a character, using at least one appropriate costume piece, prop, gesture, need and physical shape.
- Provide feedback to scenes performed by peers in the "director's voice," noting character choices, vocal projection and stage pictures. Sample Scoring Guides
- Demonstrate physical and vocal warm-ups used as preparation for rehearsal and performance.

performances and video evidence of student performances using observation, discussions, drawings, video, and simple student-created rubrics.

Sample Assessments

- Sample Assessment #1
- Sample Assessment #2
- Sample Assessment #3

- Sample Scoring Guide #1
- Sample Scoring Guide #2
- Sample Scoring Guide #3

	focusing on objectives and tactics.			
Resources/Materials				
	- The Effect of Gamma Rays On Man-in-the-Moon Marigolds by Paul Zindel			
	- Our Town by Thornton Wilder			
 A Thousand Cranes by Kathryn Schultz Miller Step on a Crack by Susan Zeder 				
	- Getting Near to Baby by Y. York			
	- Wiley and the Hairy Man by Susan Z	'eder		
	- Still Life with Iris by Steven Dietz			
	- Selkie: Between Land and Sea by La	urie Brooks		
	Glossary of Terms			
Interdisciplinary Connections	NJSLSA.SL1. Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. NJSLSA.SL2. Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.			
21st Century Life and Careers	CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and tech	nical skills		
	CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.			
CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.				
	CRP12. Work productively in teams while us	ing cultural global competence.		
Technology Standards	8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate di problems.	gital tools and resources to accomplish	a variety of tasks including solving	
	Modi	fications		
English Language Learners	Special Education	At-Risk	Gifted and Talented	
 Create visual of common character emotions. Display labeled image of stage components. Highlight individual speaking parts to provide visual assistance during performance. 	 Choose time, place, mood or theme to focus on when performing a particular theatrical piece. Work with a peer to develop a short theatre performance. Highlight individual speaking parts to provide visual assistance during performance. 	 Invite parents/guardians to view and/or participate in a theatre performance. Break dialogue into smaller pieces. Conference with teacher during the acting planning process. 	 Compare and contrast performance techniques from two or more theatrical styles and present findings to peers. Write and performer longer theatrical works, individually and in collaboration with peers. 	